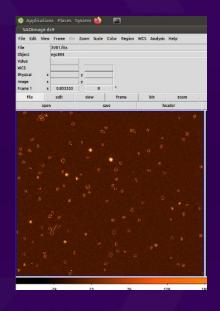
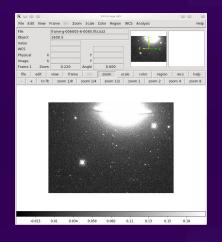
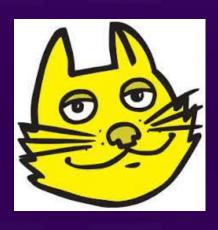
# Caratterizzazione di un ammasso aperto

Ferrazzo Riccardo - Mainardis Zeno - Panareo Gioacchino

#### Software







Source Extractor

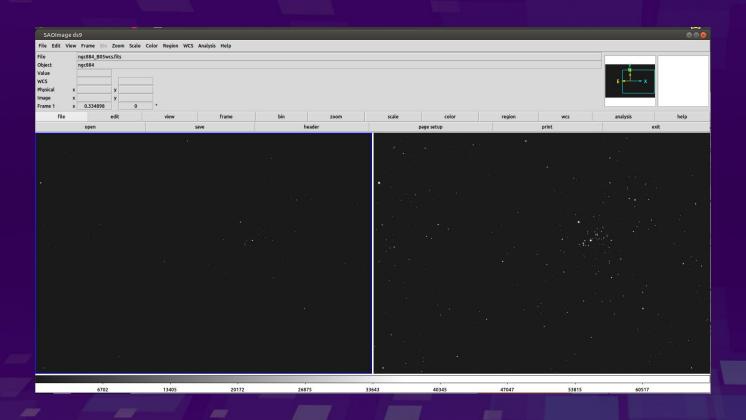
SAO ds9

**TOPCAT** 

# Doppio ammasso di Perseo



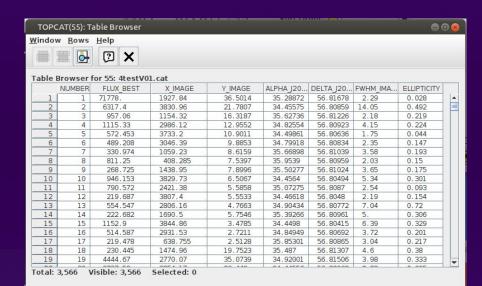
# Tempo di Esposizione

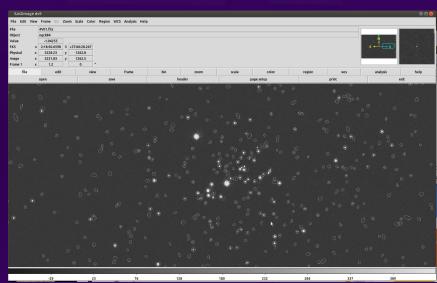


#### Parametri Source Extractor

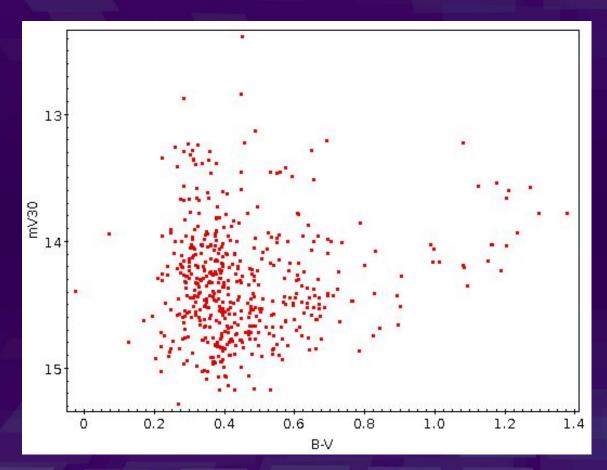
	DETECT_MINAREA	DETECT_THRESH	DEBLEND_MINCONT
B05	10	1.5	0.0001
B60	5	1.0	0.00001
V01	10	1.2	0.00001
V30	10	1.4	0.00001
R01	10	1.2	0.00001
R30	10	1.4	0.000001

## Analisi immagini





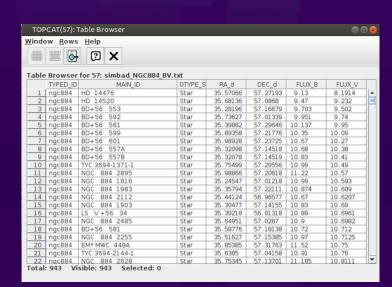
## Aumento THRESH



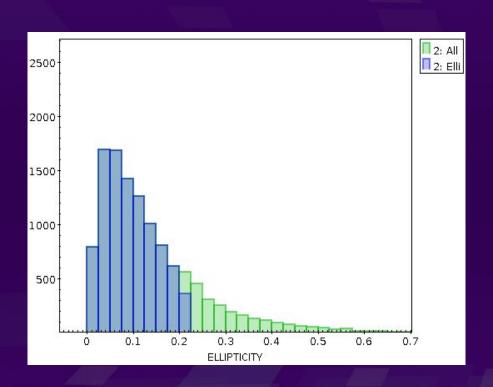
#### Magnitudine

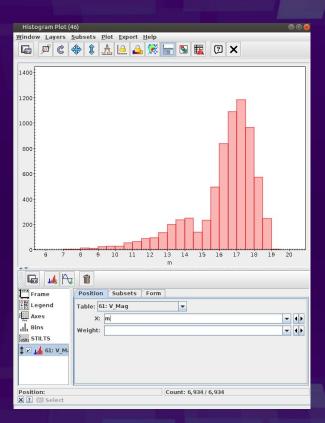
$$m = m_0 - 2.5 \times \log \left( \frac{FLUX}{T_{\text{exp}}} \right) - k \times airmass$$

Errore: magnitudine come espressione



## Filtraggio: EL e FWHM

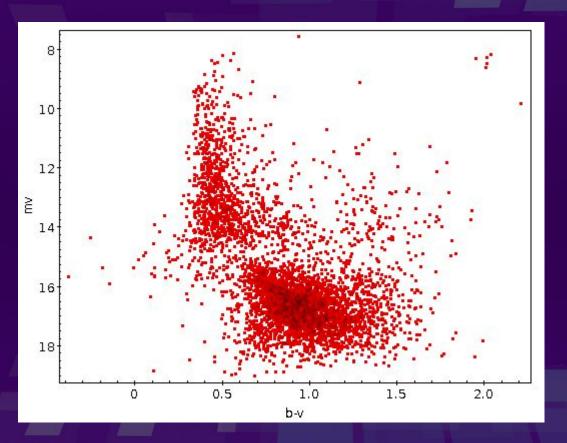




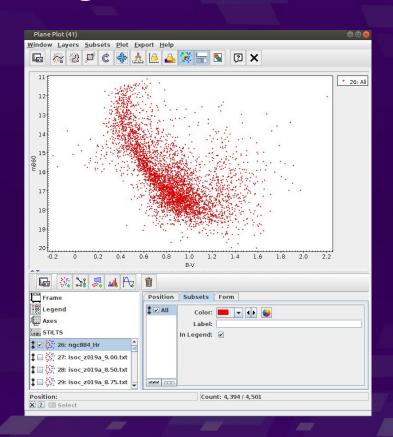
Errore: filtraggio dopo l'unione

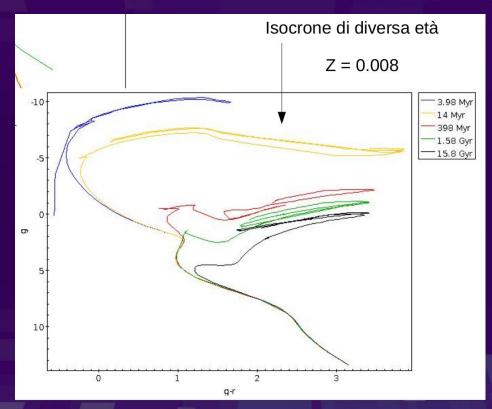
## Unione di immagini di stessa banda

Match & Concatenate



#### Diagramma colore-magnitudine



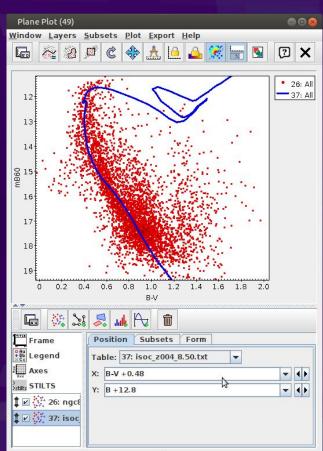


#### Confronto con isocrona

isoc\_z004\_8.50.txt

metallicità: 0.004

Età: 10<sup>(8.5)</sup>



#### Distanza dell'ammasso

$$d = 10^{\frac{b - M_b + 5 - 3.1E(v - b)}{5}}$$

Distanza reale: 2.51 ± 0.37 kPc

Distanza trovata: 1.59 kPc

#### Possibili soluzioni

Trovare una isocrona più precisa

Rimuovere più stelle di campo

Filtraggio dei dati non a occhio

